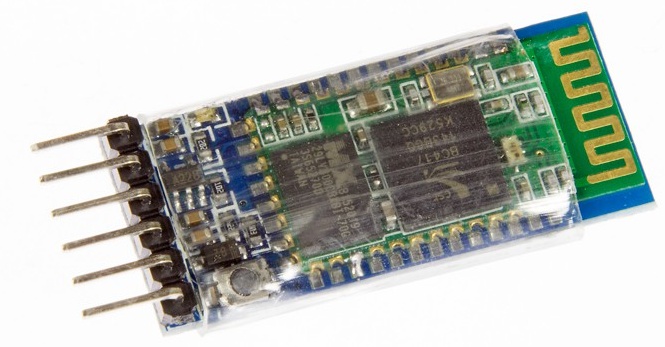
Working with Arduino Bluetooth Module



# HC-05 Bluetooth Module

# HC-05 PinOut (Right) :

• **KEY**: If brought HIGH before power is applied, forces AT Command Setup Mode. LED blinks slowly (2 seconds)

• **VC**C: +5 Power

• **GND**: System / Arduino Ground

• **TXD**: Transmit Serial Data from HC-05 to Arduino Serial Receive. NOTE: 3.3V HIGH level: OK for Arduino

• **RXD**: Receive Serial Data from Arduino Serial Transmit

• **STATE**: Tells if connected or not

# Modes of HC-05 - COMMAND and DATA TRANSFER MODES:

The module has two modes of operation, Command Mode where we can send AT commands to it and Data Mode where it transmits and receives data to another bluetooth module.

The default mode is DATA Mode, and this is the default configuration, that may work fine for many applications:

• Baud Rate: 9600 bps, Data : 8 bits, Stop Bits: 1 bit, Parity : None, Handshake: None

• Passkey: 1234

• Device Name: HC-05

In some cases you may want to change some of the configuration setup values. For that you have to get into Command Mode by following the procedure given below:

Commands are generally sent to the module in UPPERCASE and are terminated with a CR/LF pair.

1. Unplug power from HC-05

2. Upload sketch given down in your Arduino

3. Hold in HC-05 button

4. (Holding the button) Reconnect power to HC-05 (wait until LED blinks slowly)

5. Open Serial Monitor

6. Make sure "Both NL & CR" is selected

7. Type AT commands

## Command Mode Commands:

The format of commands is:

• Always starts with "AT"

• Then "+" followed by <ParameterName>

• Then either:

o ? (returns current value of parameter)

o = (New Value of parameter)

A few examples:

• AT (AT Test command. Should respond with OK)

• AT+VERSION? (show the firmware version)

• AT+UART=9600,0,0 (Set baud rate to 9600, 1 stop bit, no parity)

AT+RESET (will reset the module to data mode)

# Programs:

## HC-05 at Command prompt:

(For this program to work, HC-05 must be in command mode)

#include <SoftwareSerial.h>

SoftwareSerial BTSerial(10, 11); // RX | TX

void setup()

{

Serial.begin(9600);

Serial.println("Enter AT commands:");

BTSerial.begin(38400); // HC-05 default speed in AT command more

}

void loop()

{

// Keep reading from HC-05 and send to Arduino Serial Monitor

if (BTSerial.available())

Serial.write(BTSerial.read());

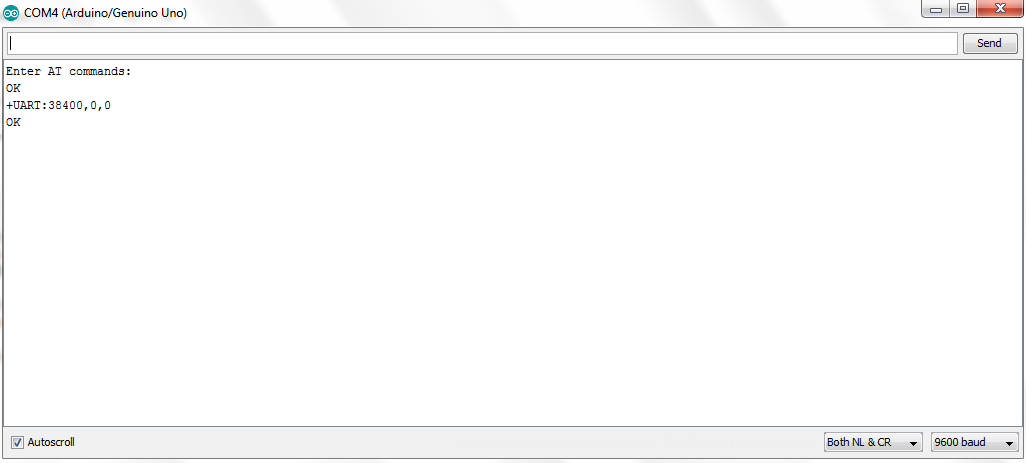
// Keep reading from Arduino Serial Monitor and send to HC-05

if (Serial.available())

BTSerial.write(Serial.read());

}

**Output**



## HC-05 Controlled by mobile:

(For this code to work, HC-05 must be in DATA mode and Arduino Bluetooth App)

#define ledPin 13

int state = 0;

void setup() {

pinMode(ledPin, OUTPUT);

digitalWrite(ledPin, LOW);

Serial.begin(38400);

// Default communication rate of the Bluetooth module

}

void loop() {

if(Serial.available() > 0){

// Checks whether data is comming from the serial port

state = Serial.read(); // Reads the data from the serial port

}

if (state == '0') {

digitalWrite(ledPin, LOW); // Turn LED OFF

Serial.println("LED: OFF");

// Send back, to the phone, the String "LED: ON"

state = 0;

}

else if (state == '1') {

digitalWrite(ledPin, HIGH);

Serial.println("LED: ON");;

state = 0;

}

}

## BT-Master Slave

**Slave Mode:**

The HC-05 bluetooth module can also act as a slave. There are fewer commands to set this up:  
  
**AT+ORGL Reset to defaults**

**AT+RMAAD Clear any paired devices**

**AT+ROLE=0 Set mode to SLAVE**

**AT+ADDR Display SLAVE address //+ADDR:98d3:33:807822**

**Master Mode:**

To configure the module as Bluetooth Master and to pair with another bluetooth module follow these steps. First we need to put the module into command mode

Enter these commands in order:

**AT+RMAAD Clear any paired devices**

**AT+ADCN**

**AT+ROLE=1 Set mode to Master**

**AT+CMODE=0 Allow master to ONLY connect to bound address (slave). This allows the master to automatically connect to the slave when switched on**

**AT+PSWD=1234 Set PIN. Should be same as slave device**

**AT+BIND=<address> Set bind address to the slave address**

**AT+LINK=<address> Connect to slave.**

**AT+INIT**

**Note:** If it shows any Error, then check if both the bluetooth modules are blinking in sync. If so then both the bluetooth modules are synchronized.

## BT-Slave Program:

#include <SoftwareSerial.h>

SoftwareSerial BTSerial(10, 11); // RX | TX

void setup() {

Serial.begin(9600);

BTSerial.begin(38400); // HC-05 default speed in AT command more

}

void loop() {

// Reading the button

if(Serial.available())

{

String message = Serial.readString();

Serial.println (message);

BTSerial.write(message.c\_str());

}

}

## BT-Master Program:

#include <SoftwareSerial.h>

SoftwareSerial BTSerial(10, 11); // RX | TX

#define ledPin 9

String message;

int potValue = 0;

void setup() {

pinMode(ledPin, OUTPUT);

digitalWrite(ledPin, LOW);

Serial.begin(9600);

BTSerial.begin(38400); // HC-05 default speed in AT command more

}

void loop() {

if(BTSerial.available() > 0){

// Checks whether data is comming from the serial port

// Reads the data from the serial port

message = BTSerial.readString();

// Controlling the LED

if(message.indexOf("SWITCH ON")>=0)

{

digitalWrite(ledPin, HIGH); // LED ON

}

else if(message.indexOf("SWITCH OFF")>=0)

{

digitalWrite(ledPin, LOW); // LED OFF

}

else

{

Serial.println("Noting to do");

}

delay(100);

}

delay(10);

}

